

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. IV.]

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1864.

[No. 906.]

Sales by Auction.

On WEDNESDAY,
At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store, on
the south side of King Street, adjoining Messrs.
Henry K. May and Co.

Rum in hhds. and barrels,
Whiskey in barrels,
Apple Brandy in barrels,
Gin in casks,
Wine in pipes and quatter casks,
Molasses in hhds.
Sugar in hhds. and barrels,
White and brown Soap in boxes,
Coffee in casks and bags,
Raisins in kegs and boxes,
Queen's Ware, and

ALSO,

A variety of DRY GOODS,

AMONG WHICH ARE—

Broad Cloths,
Calicoes,
Kerseys,
Coatings,
Halticks,
Fearnought,
Blankets,
Plaies,
Negro Cottons,
Worked and other
Stockings,
Irish Linens,
Calicoes,
Threads,
Chintzes,
Bedticks,
Oznaburghs,
Sewing Silks,
Molasses and Mullin
Handkerchiefs,
India Cottons, &c.
&c.

THOS. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

Public Vendue.

On FRIDAY,

At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,
Run in hogheads and barrels.

French Brandy in pipes,
Gin in pipes and bla.
Whiskey and Apple Brandy in bla.
Sugar in hhds. tierces and bla.
Coffee in tierces and bags,
Chocolate
White and brown Soap } in boxes,
Mould and dip'd Candles }
Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,
Figs in kegs and fraills,
Queen's Ware in crates,

FURNITURE, &c.

A variety of DRY GOODS,

Among which are—

Cloths, Coatings,
Kerseys, Duffels,
Plaies and Kerseys,
Negro Cottons, Serges,
Elasticks, blue Friezes,
Calicoes and Ruffles,
Yarn Stockings,
Chintzes and Calicoes,
Irish Linens, Silks do.
Oznaburghs and Ticklenburgs,
Molasses and Mullin Hand'ts,
India Mullins and Table Cloths,
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Coloured Threads, Hats,
And sundry other Articles.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

RICKETTS, NEWTON & Co.

Have on hand, and to be sold on very low
terms, a handsome assortment of—

BROAD CLOTHS,

A quantity of Rose Blankets,
Twilled do.
Ticklingburg, and German Oznaburghs,
Bedticks and Apron Cheeks,
Cotton Hosiery,
Fustians, Velveers and Corduroys,
Bumazetts and Wildbours,
Calicoes and Irish Linens,
Striped Jerseys and Cassimeres,
Corded Dainties and Flannels,
Twilled Coatings and Halticks,
200 pieces English Canvas,
200 reams writing Paper,
50 do. wrapping do.

1 trunk coloured Twists and Sewing Silks,
1 do. Umbrellas,
2 casks Scin Twine,
2 do. Fig Blue,
2 do. Role Brimstone,
100 kegs White Lead,
6 boxes Cotton and Wool Cards,
10 hhds. brown Sugar,
2 pipes London particular Madeira Wine,
And a quantity of PLASTER OF PARIS.

Feb. 3.

ROBERT and JOHN GRAY

Have just received,
A large supply of superfine Eagle, Henry the
8th, and Merry Andrew
PLAYING CARDS,
And a few dozen blank Cards of a good quality.

Nov. 9.

JOHN G. LADD

Has for sale at his warehouse, Prince Street wharf,

3000 bushels coarse Salt,

15 hhds W. India Rum,

30 pipes best Holland Gin,

150 bls. Beef and Pork,

A quantity of Seal Leather and Shoes of all sorts,

50 pieces of Russia Duck,

100 boxes mould and dip'd tallow Candles,

50 do. Spermaceti do.

7 hhds. and 80 bls. Sugar,

2 tons of Cordage assorted,

2 cases handanna Handkerchiefs,

7 bales India Cottons,

A few Feather Beds with Pillows and Bolsters of

the best Ticking,

An assortment of playing and blank Cards,

Bar Iron, Stone Lime refined,

Salt Petre, Ground Ginger, Pearl Ash,

Rice, Starch, Writing Paper, Glafs, Hops,

Cotton Yarn assorted, &c. &c.

Nov. 1.

A NEW PAMPHLET.

Just received and for sale at this office, (price 25

Cents.)

A Refutation of the Charges

Made by a writer under the signature of "Veri-

tas," against the character of

GABRIEL JONES:

The lately acknowledged author being the Hon.

Philip Crymes, Member of the Council

of State.

In which every charge or insinuation against him

in that libel is fully and clearly refuted.

Jan. 3.

Just received and for Sale,

Sweet Cyder by the barrel,

Apples do.

N. England Rum do.

Candles by the box,

Pork by the barrel,

2000 lbs. excellent R. Island Cheese,

Spiced Salmon in 2 and 4 gallon kegs,

Raisins by the box,

Prunes, Almonds, English Walnuts,

Shelbarks, Chestnuts, sweet Oranges,

Limes, Lemons,

Green Grapes by the jar or pound,

Coddish for family use,

600 bushels R. I. Potatoes.

And a general assortment of Groceries.

A. WILLIS.

Jan. 12.

On the first day of March next,

WILL BE SOLD

A LOT OF GROUND,

On Prince Street one door west of the House in

which Mrs. PORTER, now lives, between Royal

and Pitt Streets, with all the improvements there-

on.

THOMAS PATTEN.

January 4.

Malaga Wine, Raisins, &c.

Just received, per the brig Celia,

Capt. Bowen, from Malaga,

100 quarter casks Malaga Wine,

100 half gr. do.

20 gr. casks Mountain Wine of a superior

quality,

50 baskets Almonds,

100 fraills Figs,

150 quarter bls. Raisins,

200 boxes Muscatel do.

200 do. Bloom do.

15 boxes Lemons,

which will begin landing this day at our wharf.

J. and T. Vowell.

Who have also on Hand,

FOR SALE ON REASONABLE TERMS,

Jamaica Spirit entitled to drawback,

Muscovado Sugar in tierces and bls. superior old

Port Wine, do. Madeira do. Turks Island Salt,

mould Candles, 20 bls. prime new Beef, Russia

Duck, white Russia Sheetting, Drillings, Raven-

duck, &c. &c.

Jan. 20.

JUST PUBLISHED

By COTTON and STEWART, and for Sale at their

Store.

DEATH ABOLISHED;

A SERMON,

Occasioned by the sickness which prevailed at
Alexandria, during the months of August, Sep-
tember, and October; giving a detail of that
sickness, and of some of the views of Providence,
in such calamitous visitations.

With an Appendix,

Containing facts, relative to the origin of the
sickness, the extent of the mortality, the labors
of the Committee of Health, and the contributi-
ons for the relief of the poor.

By James Muir, D. D.

Pastor of the Presbyterian Church.

December 1.

JAMES BACON,

At his Store on King Street, within one door of
Washington Street, has just received, a quanti-
ty of well assorted

PATENT SHOT,

which, with a general assortment of Teas, Sugars,
Coffee, Wines, Brandy, Spirits, and generally a
very other article in the grocery line, he offers
for sale on the most moderate terms.

Oct. 15.

Window Glass.

The Subscribers have received and
offer for sale, 8 by 10, and 7 by 9, window glass,
from the Baltimore Manufactory. The quality is
excellent, and it will be sold at the Baltimore
prices. They expect to receive very shortly,
larger sizes from the same place.

R. T. HOOE, & Co.

Dec. 2.

FOR SALE BY

WILLIAM HARTSHORNE,

AT HIS STORE ON KIRK'S WHARF, LOWER END

OF WOLF STREET,

New-England Potatoes,

Coarse Salt,

Midlings and Shoulders of Bacon on very low

terms,

Ready made Bags,

Bar Iron,

Philadelphia Loaf and Lump Sugar,

Indian Meal, Rye Meal,

Shorts and Bran,

Superfine Flour in barrels and half barrels,

Large and small vessels may be con-

veniently accommodated with Wharfage on mo-

derate terms.

STORES to let on the Wharf, or goods re-

ceived in them on Storage.

A large STORE on Hoe's Wharf to sell or let

—with the privilege of receiving and shipping

goods free of wharfage.

A small HOUSE on Water Street next door

to Major Muncester's, for sale.

A number of LOTS in good situations for sale

or to let on ground rent.

Alex. 12th mo. 20th.

Benjamin Shreve, jun.

Has for sale at the corner of Prince and Union

Streets,

9 bales India cottons

One case handanna handkerchiefs,

China, Lougee and Putz at do.

30 pieces Black Satin,

2 cases fur hats,

Table and tea sets china,

Barrels East India Sugar,

Kegs raisins, dipped candles and soap,

Country gun, Malaga wine,

Red sea, leather, and about 3 tons first quality

Russia cordage, well assorted, which will be sold

cheap.

My residence hereafter will be

in Frederickburg. I shall continue to attend the

county courts of Prince William and Stafford,

the district courts of Frederickburg and Hay-

Market, the Richmond chancery district court,

and the court of appeals. My clients may see me

during every Prince William Court (commencing

on the 1st Monday in each month) at the same

office in which I have hitherto done business in

Dumfries.

Benjamin Botts.

Jan. 15.

JANNEY and PATON

Have just received, per the brig Polly, and for

Sale,

24 hhds. ? New England Rum,

86 bls. }

75 tons Plaster Paris.

And on hand, as usual, a general assortment of

GROCERIES. And about

1250 tons Plaster.

Farmers will find it to their interest, when pur-

chasing, to look at this plaster, as they certainly

will be able to please themselves as to quality.

It lays very convenient to a water carriage, and

may be put on board a vessel free of cartage.

Dec. 9.

Notice.

To the Marine Insurance Company of
Alexandria.

THE Stockholders in this institution are
hereby informed that a dividend of five per cent.
is this day declared, payable to them or their
legal representatives, in ten days after this date.

By Order,

J. B. Nickolls, Sec'y.

Jan. 2.

Cash given for clean Linen and

Cotton Rags.

For Charter or Sale,

THE SHIP

PRESIDENT,

About 240 tons burthen—Two
years old, and a fast sailer.

For sale on very moderate terms if taken away
immediately.

About 1500 bushels Lisbon Salt,

And 50 barrels PORK.

Wm. HODGSON.

Dec. 20.

For New-York,

The fast sailing Schooner

HILAND,

John Hand, jun. Master;

Will sail as soon as the weather per-
mits; has excellent accommodations for passen-
gers. For Passage only apply to the matter on
board, or to

DAN. MCLEAN.

Feb. 9.

For Philadelphia,

The Sloop UNITY,

John Hand, jun. M. B.;

Will sail with all possible ex-
pedition. For Freight or Passage apply to Capt.
Hand, on board, or to

Danl. MCLean.

Feb. 9.

JUST RECEIVED

AND FOR SALE,

French Brandy, Antigua and Gro-

nada Rum,

HOLLAND GIN—imported in the ship Ame-

rica from Amsterdam,

Cherry Bounce made of old spirit,

Wines,

Loaf and lump Sugar,

Brown do.

Green Coffee, Teas, &c.

FRUIT—Apples, Sweet Oranges, Lemons,

Limes and Green Grapes,

NUTS—Almonds, English Walnuts, Shel-

barks, &c.

Also,

A few bls. Crab Cyder,

100 bls. R. Island do.

1000 lbs. Cleele,

Scots Barley, Potatoes, &c.

Thomas Simms.

Who wishes to Sell or Rent,

his HOUSE on Prince Street, opposite to Geo. C.

Taylor's, Esq. Any person inclined to purchase

shall have a great bargain—it will fold for Cash,

or bartered for Wet Goods.

Jan. 13.

FOR SALE,

AN ELEGANT CLOCK,

lately imported from London.

Apply to ROBT. T. HOOE and Co.

WHO WANT TO BUY

a good Rising CLOCK.

Feb. 7.

Madeira Wine.

16 pipes London particular Wine,

2 gr. casks do. do.

Received per ship Ploughby, via Norfolk, for

sale on a liberal credit by

J. and T. Vowell.

Jan. 6.

SPANISH SEGARS.

Just received from Norfolk, by capt. Butler,

first quality Spanish Segars by the box.

A. WILLIS.

Jan. 16.

The Subscriber
Has removed his VENDUE-STORE
from the corner of King and Union
streets, to the store adjoining Messrs
Henry K. May, & Co. on the South
side of King street.

THOMAS PATTEN.
January 30.

Anniversary Ball.

THE Ball in commemoration of the
Birth of our late illustrious friend and
patriot Gen. Geo. Washington, will be
held at Gadby's Hotel on Thursday
the 23d inst. A subscription paper is
lodged at the Bar, where gentlemen
are requested to subscribe; and obtain
a ticket of admission—price 5 dollars.

Wm. Fitzhugh,
L. Deblais,
G. Deneale,
J. C. Herbert,
W. A. Dangerfield,
Thos. Triplett,

Managers.

Feb. 13.

Washington Society.

The Members of the Washington
Society of Alexandria, are requested
to attend an anniversary meeting of
the said society, on Thursday the
23d day of this month, at Gadby's
Hotel, at half past 10 o'clock, A. M.
The society will move in procession
precisely at 12 o'clock, to the Presby-
terian Church, where an Oration will
be delivered by John Carlyle Herbert,
Esq.

G. DENEALE, Sec'y.
Alexandria, Feb. 11.

FOR SALE,

The fine Sloop Columbia,
burthen about 75 tons, or 650 bls.
three years old, a remarkable sail
setter, and in every respect a first rate vessel.
Will be sold cheap if applied for soon.

John G. Ladd.

Feb. 13.

Sail Making.

THOMAS SANFORD takes this
method of informing the public, that he has com-
menced the Sail Making business in the Loft
over the store of Benjamin Shreve, jun. at the
corner of Prince and Union streets, where he
hopes from his attention to business, and his ex-
ceptions to please, to give satisfaction to those
who may favor him with their custom.

Feb. 4.

A Cheap Bargain.

TO BE SOLD,
A THREE story new BRICK HOUSE, at
Prince Street between Fairfax and Royal Streets
on the South side thereof, second door from Messrs
Hewes and Millers store, and next adjoining Mrs.
Refler. The house is in an unfinished state, but
the doors, sashes and architraves, &c. are all made
and at a small expense may be completed, it is
unnecessary to give any further explanation, as
any person inclining to purchase will naturally
view the premises. The key is in possession of
Capt. C. McKnight. The payments will be
made easy. Application to be made to the sub-
scriber in the City of Washington, or Dr. Thos.
Triplett, Alexandria. It not sold at private sale,
it will be sold at public vendue on the 1st of
March next.

Feb. 6.

Clotworthy Stephenson.

S. THOMEE

Begs leave to inform his friends and the public in
general, that he has commenced business in
the line of

GILDING

And Enamelling on Glafs,
a few doors above the Washington Tavern.
Looking Glafs and Pictures Frames
MADE & REGILT.

NEEDLE WORK

framed in a handsome manner.

NAMES AND PROFILES

correctly enamelled on Glafs.

S. THOMEE, as a stranger being determined
to establish himself in the line of his profession,
solicits that encouragement alone which he trusts
the reasonableness of his charges and his assiduity
to business may entitle him to.

Window Cornices handomely Gilt, and every
thing in his line done to please the fancy of the
owner equal to any imported.

He has some glasses and prints for sale on
low terms. Particularly a set of the

BATTLE OF THE NILE,

in colours, handomely framed and glazed.
Dec 30.

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Tuesday, December 6.

The order of the day, for the House to resolve
itself into a committee on the *Amendment to the
Constitution*, received from the Senate, was called
for.

Mr. R. Grifwold. The House of Represen-
tatives some time since passed a resolution, amen-
datory of the constitution, and sent it to the
Senate for their concurrence. Of this resolution
the Senate have taken no notice; but have
sent us a different resolution on the same subject.
This proceeding is, I think, unprecedented and
unparliamentary; and I think we ought not to
decide upon this resolution until the Senate shall
have answered our resolution. I move, therefore,
a postponement of the resolution from the Senate
until to-morrow.

Mr. Elliot hoped the consideration of the reso-
lution from the Senate would not be postponed
until to-morrow. How far it was proper to
impeach the correctness of the course pursued by
that body, it was not for him to say. Should
they, on any occasion, invade the rights or the
dignity of that House, no member would be found
more ready to repel the invasion. In this case
the Senate have sent us a proposition, embracing
the same principle contained in our amendment,
with other principles. He hoped, therefore, the
House would immediately proceed to give the
subject that attention which its intrinsic merits
deserved.

Mr. Dawson only rose to correct the gentle-
man from Connecticut as to precedent. It must
be in the recollection of every gentleman on the
floor, that the Senate have frequently sent us
bills on the same subject with bills sent by us to
them.

Mr. R. Grifwold wished the gentleman from
Virginia would name an instance. He never
knew a bill sent to the Senate, which they ne-
glected acting on, and in the room of which sent
one of their own.

The question was then taken on Mr. Grif-
wold's motion and lost. Ayes 32.

Mr. R. Grifwold. I will submit another mo-
tion, to wit: That the committee of the whole
be discharged from the further consideration of
the resolution of the Senate. My grounds for
this motion are these: That this resolution has
not been transmitted to us by a constitutional
number of Senators, and therefore, that the House
cannot act upon it.

Mr. Dawson enquired if the motion were in
order.

Mr. Speaker said it was in order.

Mr. R. Grifwold. The principle, I assume, is
that this resolution has not passed the Senate by a
constitutional majority of that branch of the leg-
islature. By a certificate obtained from the sec-
retary of that body, it appears that the resolution
was passed by the votes of twenty-two members
in favor of it; twenty-two voting in the affirma-
tive, and ten in the negative. It is known to
every gentleman that the Senate consists of 34
members, and that it consequently requires twenty-
three to constitute two thirds of its members.
The principle, I assume, is that it requires two
thirds of the members of each House to pass a re-
solution proposing to alter the constitution. The
article of the constitution on this point is the 5th.
It is thus expressed: "The Congress whenever
two thirds of both Houses shall deem it necessary
shall propose amendments to this constitution."

The question is what is meant by a House?
Is it merely a majority of the Senators or Repre-
sentatives; or is it the whole and entire num-
ber? To decide this point, we must refer to
other parts of the constitution where the word
House is used. I hope gentlemen will critically
attend to the words used, and from that at-
tention form their opinions. The 3d section of
the 1st article is thus expressed: "The Senate
of the United States shall be composed of two
Senators from each state." Two Senators then
from each state are declared to constitute a Sen-
ate. A Senate of the United States cannot,
therefore, be composed but of two Senators from
each state. One House referred to in the 5th
article is the Senate. If then it be necessary
that there should be two members from each state
to compose a Senate, the House of the Senate
cannot be composed but of two members from
each state. This is corroborated by other parts
of the Constitution. In the 5th section of the
1st article, it is said, "Each House shall be
the judge of the elections, returns and qualifica-
tions of its own members; and a majority of
each shall constitute a quorum to do business."

A majority of each—Of what? Of each House
shall constitute a quorum to do business. This
expression is a fair commentary on the other sec-
tion which I have read. "A majority of each
House shall constitute a quorum to do business."
The inference is that the constitution, when it
declares that, "The Congress whenever two
thirds of both Houses shall deem it necessary,
shall propose amendments to this constitution,"
requires that the proposing them shall be made
by two thirds of the whole number of members
constituting the Senate.

There are cases in the constitution, where the
concurrence of two thirds of each branch of the
legislature is required for the performance of cer-
tain acts, which is a further commentary on this
article of the constitution. In the case of im-
peachments it is provided that the Senate shall
try all impeachments; but no person shall be

convicted without the concurrence of two thirds
of the members present. The word present is in-
troduced. For what purpose, if it was not the
opinion of the framers of the constitution that
without it, two thirds of all the members of the
body would be necessary to a conviction?

The same expression is used in the case of trea-
ties. The president "shall have power by and
with the consent of the Senate, to make treaties,
provided two thirds of the Senators present con-
cur." Why use here this expression "two thirds of the
Senators present," unless it was considered nec-
essary to qualify the expression, from the con-
sideration that otherwise it would mean two thirds
of the whole body?

On this ground I apprehend that this reso-
lution has not come constitutionally before us.
It has not passed the Senate with the concurrence
of two thirds of the whole body. It has only
received the votes of twenty-two Senators, which
do not make two thirds. I therefore move that
the committee of the whole be discharged from
the further consideration of it.

Mr. J. Randolph. There are frequent occa-
sions, on which it is necessary to answer doc-
trines advanced, not on account of their intrinsic
merit, but on account of the weight of character
of those by whom they are advanced. This is
one of those cases. Had the arguments delivered
to-day by the gentleman from Connecticut fallen
from a less respectable quarter, I should have
deemed them unworthy of reply, and have satis-
fied myself with a silent vote.

The gentleman, with an ingenuity peculiarly
unfortunate, has quoted the very clauses and sec-
tions of the Constitution which disprove the op-
inions he has advanced. To these I beg the at-
tention of the house for a moment. He has at-
tempted to sustain the position that two thirds
of both Houses must imply two thirds of the whole
number of each House respectively. If I have
mistaken the gentleman, I beg to be corrected.
[Mr. R. here paused.] As there is no disposi-
tion to correct my statement, I presume I am
correct. If this be the case, are we at this mo-
ment a House? If the term House means the
whole number of members, can there be a House
unless the whole number are present? Can there,
therefore, be a House or a Senate so long as a
single member is absent.

But it is said that the Constitution, wisely
foreseeing this dilemma, has provided that a ma-
jority of each House shall constitute a quorum
to do business. Now I ask is a majority a quorum
or a House? If it is not a House, but merely a
quorum, it will be absolutely necessary that we
alter our language as well as our journals, and
say, not that the House, but a quorum met to
transact business, &c.

Each House may determine the rules of its
proceedings, punish its members for disorderly
behaviour, and with the concurrence of two
thirds of the whole body expel a disorderly
member. Will the gentleman hold on this
floor that it requires two thirds of the whole
body to expel a disorderly member? Will he deny
that two thirds of those present may expel in
such a case, and that they are competent in all
cases mentioned in the Constitution? I will call
the attention of the house to a fact. The sessi-
on before the last, the house passed an amend-
ment to the Constitution, similar in principle to
the present, by the votes of two thirds of the
members present; when too there was little
more than a bare quorum present. I might an-
swer the doctrine advanced this day, by saying
the practice under the Constitution is already
settled. I might ask the gentleman where was
this constitutional objection then? Why was it
then permitted to sleep? Why was the house per-
mitted to do so unconstitutional an act, when
there was but a bare quorum? I should be glad
to receive to these questions a satisfactory an-
swer.

Each House shall keep a Journal of its pro-
ceedings, and from time to time publish the
same, excepting such parts as may in their judg-
ment require secrecy; and the Yeas and Nays
of the members of either House on any question
shall, at the desire of one fifth of those present,
be entered on the Journal. Now, according
to the doctrine of the gentleman, unless the whole
body is present, the Yeas and Nays cannot be
entered, because there is no House unless all the
members are present.

The gentleman enquires why the Constitution
has so sedulously directed that in certain cases the
concurrence of two thirds of the members present
shall be required. For an obvious reason. The
Constitution could not ascertain the number of
which the two Houses would consist, from their
varying numbers, and therefore has required, that
in certain cases, two thirds of those present shall
be required.

The article of the Constitution, on which
the gentleman relies, is that "Congress, when-
ever two thirds of both Houses shall deem it ne-
cessary, shall propose amendments." When two
thirds shall deem it necessary. The sense then
in this case is to be determined by the exposition
given to the term House. I again ask, have, or
have not the House met to-day? They have.
I ask are we to meet the House of Representatives?
We undoubtedly are. I ask, whether
it is not in order to move to expel a disorderly
member, or to adjourn? And I ask if the so-
lemn business on which we are now acting shall
be defeated by a mere play upon words, that
would much better fit a subordinate court than
this body. Believing that no doubt can be en-
tertained of the just meaning of this article of
the Constitution either by the House or by the
nation, I hope the Committee of the whole will
not be discharged.

(To be continued.)

From the Balance.

POLITICAL CATECHISM.

Being a Sketch of what might, on a natu-
ral plan, be taught in schools, and also by
Heads of Families, to Youth and Chil-
dren.

CONTINUED.

IT is the magistrate as such any thing to
do with religion?

If by religion be meant that temper and
conduct which seeks the honor of God and
the happiness of man, he has nothing else
to do, but to promote religion both in him-
self and others, within the limits prescrib-
ed him.

But is not his agency confined to secular
concerns?

His agency relates to secular concerns
immediately, but he ought ultimately and
chiefly to seek the eternal interests of men
in all his conduct.

Will not this view of the subject confound
the province of the magistrate, with that of
the ministers of religion?

Not at all; to promote the best interests
of men by enacting and executing a good
system of laws, and by providing for the
common defence and welfare, is very dis-
tinct from promoting the same interests
by teaching the principles of religion, and
enforcing them by the hopes and fears of
the gospel.

Have the Legislature a right to maintain
religion, at the public expence?

They have a right, and it is their duty
to do it, if the public opinion will per-
mit.

Whence does this right result?

It results from their general right to do
whatever they may deem necessary to pro-
mote the common good.

But is it prudent for them to exercise this
right?

The prudence of the measure will de-
pend on the existing state of public opi-
nion; but if that will not permit, civil liberty
cannot long be supported.

Why can it not be supported?

Because, without religion there will be
no virtue, and virtue is the basis of civil
liberty.

Is not the promise of God to support reli-
gion sufficient without human aid?

The promise of God will be verified; but
this promise involves the use of human
means and exertions.

Still the question remains, is the pub-
lic maintenance of religion one of those
means?

It was a mean of supporting religion by
divine appointment under the ancient Jew-
ish Theocracy; it has been a mean in all
Christian nations since; and it will be a
mean in the most prosperous state of the
church of Christ on earth when kings shall
be its nursing fathers and queens its nurs-
ing mothers.

Does not the principle advanced imply a
right in the Legislature to choose what kind
of religion to maintain?

It does; public opinion alone must de-
cide this question.

Will they not, then, maintain a corrupt re-
ligion, where such a religion prevails among
the people?

They will; but corrupt religion is more
useful to the state than atheism or total ir-
religion, for all the various systems which
have prevailed in the world, agree in some
common principles, the belief of which has
contributed to that order and peace in so-
ciety which have existed.

What are those common principles?

The chief are, that there is a Supreme
God who presides over the universe; that
we are accountable to him for our conduct;
and that he will reward or punish us in a
future state, according to our works. A
belief of those great principles has been,
and ever will be the basis of society.

How are they the basis of society?

By operating on our hopes and fears,
which are the most powerful springs of ac-
tion, they restrain wickedness in a degree
beyond our present conceptions; they are
the foundation of all judicial and office
oaths; without which, trials at law would
be a farce, and investigation of truth ut-
terly hopeless; and they are the source of
all that truth and confidence which exist
between man and man.

Will not honest men speak the truth as
witnesses, in judicial proceedings, with-
out being under the obligations of an oath?

They will, but the more they feel the
obligations of truth the better, and the aw-
ful sanctity of an oath often supports a
feeble virtue; and it must be remembered,
that honest men are formed by a firm per-
suasion and belief of these great principles;
and without them, truth and justice would
be banished from the earth.

Was the public maintenance of religion
deemed necessary by the ancient Pagans?

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Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 14.

Explanation.

After the committee appointed to settle the public accounts, had examined, certified and put the treasurer's account into the hands of the printer, the following payments stated in, amounting to eighteen hundred and sixty one dollars, and fifteen and a half cents were made, increasing the balance in the treasury to two thousand two hundred and fifty eight dollars and fifteen cents. These subsequent payments were introduced into the account but omitted to be noticed in the certificate.

Political Contrast.—At this day, when democracy has crept into almost every nook and corner of our political domain, and when its minions and undertakers seem to felicitate themselves on the security which has followed their triumph; it would be well if our sober minded citizens would bestow a little attention not only on the characters of those now in power, but on those who preceded them in authority, and on the means by which this revolution in men and principles has been produced. Let them also devote a few hours to the investigation of that political happiness, that kind of national felicity which so strongly marked the American character during its federal probation; and, free from the blindness of party prejudice, compare the remembrance of its injured honors, and blasted virtues, with the dark portrait of its living character.

In taking up this enquiry, we shall see a nation bursting into life, overshadowed with Egyptian darkness, and wandering with a fearful anxiety amidst the chaos of dangers, troubles and despair. We shall see it led by its Guardian Genius through the fiery furnace of revolution and disorder, to peace, liberty, independence and order. Under the benign influence of his councils and protection, we shall see these blessings unfolding themselves, and by the accumulating force of kindred virtues, clothing our land in all the splendors of a golden age. We shall see the frowns of war giving place to the smiles of peace—confusion and disorder to harmony and concord—poverty and distress to individual and national prosperity—jealousy and hatred to a compact of reciprocal confidence, love and good will—the night of ignorance and stupidity to the bright sunshine of science, the love of wisdom, and the refinements of civilized and social life. In short under the guidance of Washington, and his colleagues in wisdom and virtue, we have seen a nation built up from the rudest materials—a world itself reduced to the discipline of government, and a great people raised from the very stool of humiliation and chastisement to the acme of political fame and national respect!—But, alas! how fallen! how fallen!

A set of restless and ambitious wretches, who envy the happiness of which themselves are neither the givers nor partakers, have not ceased to plot the ruin of that order of things which produced so large a share to our once honored country. By intrigue and misrepresentation, aided by the vile hand of imported assassins, they have undermined this fair structure of national felicity, and given the death-stab to the brightest catalogue of human achievements that ever distinguished the annals of any people in a twelve years progress to political greatness. Shade of Washington! where is the mantle thou lettest fall on thy successors!

(Albany Centinel.)

Congress of the United States.

Thursday, February 9.

Mr. Thomas laid on the table the following resolution:

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to join with such committee as the Senate may appoint on their part to consider and report, what business is necessary to be done by Congress in the present session, and when it may be expedient to close the same.

A message was received from the Senate informing the house that they had receded from their first amendment to the bill entitled an act giving effect to the laws of the United States within the territories ceded to the United States by the treaty of the 30th of April 1803, between the United States and the French republic; and for other purposes, so far as to agree to the modification and amendment proposed by the joint committee of conference; but that they disagree to the further amendment proposed by the house, extending the right of registering vessels to all the inhabitants of Louisiana on the 30th April last.

The house resumed the consideration of the resolutions reported from the committee of the whole to whom was referred the report of a select committee appointed to enquire into the ex

pediency of amending the several acts providing for the sale of the public lands of the United States.

The first resolution being again read as follows:

Resolved, That the secretary of state, the secretary of the treasury, and the attorney general for the time being, be authorized to receive propositions of compromise and settlement from the several companies or persons claiming public lands in the territory of the United States lying south of the State of Tennessee, and west of the State of Georgia, and finally to adjust and settle the same in such manner, as in their opinion will conduce to the interests of the United States: Provided, that in such settlement, the said commissioners shall not exceed the limits prescribed by the convention with the State of Georgia.

A motion was made to amend the resolution, by striking out the word "finally," and adding to the end of the resolution, the following words: "And that the said commissioners report to this House each settlement as they may make on this subject, which when confirmed by Congress shall be binding on all the claimants under such companies, and on the U. States."

After considerable debate on this amendment, the question was put, and it passed in the negative when the House adjourned.

Friday, February 10.

The House resumed the consideration of the unfinished business of yesterday.

On the resolution (above stated) a long and interesting debate ensued on the circumstances attending the Yazoo speculation and the consequences likely to ensue from the entire disallowance or compromise of the claims of individuals for compensation for lands purchased under the several acts of Georgia, and ceded to the United States; when about six o'clock the question was taken by yeas and nays on the following resolution, and carried in the affirmative—Yeas 62—Nays 55.

Resolved, That the secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the attorney general for the time being, be authorized to receive propositions of compromise and settlement from the several companies or person claiming public lands in the territory of the United States lying south of the state of Georgia, and finally to adjust and settle the same in such manner, as in their opinion, will conduce to the interests of the United States: Provided, that in such settlement, the said commissioners shall not exceed the limits prescribed by the convention with the state of Georgia.

After motions to adjourn and postpone the subject were made and lost; the proposition of an amendment of Mr. J. Randolph so as to modify the resolution as to inhabit all compensation for lands purchased under the act of Georgia of 1793 was declared not in order, the following resolution was carried:

Resolved, That the time limited by law, for filing claims in the office of the Secretary of State, ought to be extended to the first day of May next.

A motion was then made to refer the two resolutions to a select committee to bring in a bill, which was superseded by an adjournment until Monday

Twenty Dollars Reward.

Eloped from the plantation of Geo. Deneale, on P peshead, in Fairfax County, Vir. a likely young negro, named

N A C E,

about twenty years of age, yellow complexion, thick and strong made, about five feet six inches high, wool combed, and an open countenance.—He took with him one black superfine broad cloth coat nearly new, with buttons covered with the same, one blue coat with metal buttons, one striped fawn down jacket, one black hat with the name of H. W. Deneale wrote in the bottom of the crown, one pair blue cloth pantaloons, one pair white cotton stockings, one pair coarse and one pair fine shoes, and one jacket and trousers of mixt coarse cloth. He was purchased of Mr. Stephen Caywood, formerly of Maryland, and may probably make for Prince George County. The above reward with all reasonable charges will be paid for securing him and giving information thereof to

John Taylor, on the premises.

Feb. 14.

PHYSIOGNOTRACE.

I. TODD

Respectfully informs the ladies and gentlemen of Alexandria that he has erected his machine for tracing the outlines of the face, in the Ball Room at the Eagle Tavern, corner of King and Royal streets, where those who will honor him with their attention may have four correct profiles for 25 cents.

Note—Gilt and black Frames may be had at the room.

Please to come in at the paved alley leading to Royal street

Jan. 9.

For Sale or Rent.

A convenient two story brick house, completely finished, situated on Water street, between King and Prince Streets—immediate possession will be given. Apply to

JOSEPH RIDDLE.

Nov. 30.

A JOURNEYMAN PRINTER

Wanted Immediately,

Who is able to conduct a weekly paper at certain periods, that is, when the Editor's business calls him abroad, and who will occasionally work at press. Such a person may state the terms on which he will work per month, exclusive of board, washing and lodging, to Mr S. Snow, who will forward them to the advertiser. Letters must be post paid.

Feb. 14.

SALE.

Will be sold at the dwelling house of Philip Alexander, on the first day of March next, if fair, if not, the next fair day, on a credit of nine months, the purchaser giving bond with approved security, living in the district of Columbia,

All the perishable property belonging to the estate of Wm. H. Washington, dec'd, consisting of Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs, Beds, Household and Kitchen Furniture, a Wagon and Chariot, Farming Utensils, and a motorty of two Ferry Boats. The sale will be continued from day to day until the whole is disposed of.

Elizabeth Washington, Administratrix.

Feb. 14.

By virtue of a Deed of Trust

To the subscriber, will be exposed to sale upon the premises, for ready money, on the first day of March next, if fair, if not, the next fair day,

A piece of Ground,

lying upon the east side of Washington street, and north side of Cameron street, in the town of Alexandria, extending with Washington street fifty five feet, with Cameron street forty seven feet: also

A piece of Ground,

lying upon the north side of a ten feet alley extending eastwardly from Washington street, beginning upon the said alley, fifty seven feet to the eastward of Washington Street and extending with the alley fifteen feet, and northwardly parallel to Washington Street twenty feet, Also one entire SQUARE containing two acres bounded on the south by Oronoko Street, on the north by Pendleton street, on the east by Alfred street, and on the west by Patrick street. This square is subject to an annual rent of forty three pounds current money of Virginia, payable to Charles Alexander, Esq.

James Keith.

Feb. 14.

District of Columbia,

County of Alexandria, ss.

November Term, 1803.

Alexander Henderson a d c.

Plaintiff,

AGAINST

James Smith, Tholomiah Berry, Alexander Smith and Son and John Byrne,

Defendants,

In Chancery.

THE defendant James Smith not having entered his appearance and given security according to the act of Assembly and the rules of this Court; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court upon affidavit, that the said defendant, James Smith, is not an inhabitant of this District: On motion of the said complainants, by their counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendant James Smith, do appear here on the first day of next term, and enter his appearance to the suit, and give security for performing the decree of the Court, and that the other defendants, Tholomiah Berry, Alexander Smith and Son, and John Byrne do not pay away, convey or secrete the debts by them owing to, or the estate or effects in their hands belonging to the said absent defendant James Smith, until the further order or decree of the Court, and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for two months successively in both of the public newspapers published in this county, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the Court House of said county.

A copy—Test,

G. DENEALE, c. c.

(F 14.)

FOR SALE.

A good wash woman with her child.

Application to be made to the printer.

Feb. 11.

TO RENT.

We will rent for one year or a longer time, the FERRY opposite the City of Washington. Also, three FLHERIES on the Island.

Eliza. Washington, Philip Alexander.

Feb. 11.

To Let,

THE frame Warehouse on King street, two doors above Pitt Street, now occupied by Ambrose Valle. Possession will be given on the 27th of this month—apply, in the absence of the subscriber, to Col. Dennis Ramsey.

R. I. TAYLOR.

August 15.

For Sale,

Ten acres of LAND in Fee Simple, on the hill near Col. Peyton's—also a small house and lot on Washington street, between King and Prince streets.

THO'S PATTEN.

January 3, 1804.

* * * Taxes.

THOSE Citizens who have not paid their Corporation Taxes, are hereby warned to pay up the same on or before the eleventh day of this month; otherwise their names will be published in the public accounts as defaulters, and their goods be subject to distress and sale, as the law directs.

Geo. Drinker, Collector.

Feb. 7.

Wanted to Hire,

A MAN COOK—For one well acquainted with his business generous wages will be given—Apply to the Printer.

December 27.

ELEGANT EDITION

OF

The HOLY BIBLE.

PROPOSALS

For Printing by Subscription, (in four handsome octavo volumes)

THE HOLY BIBLE,

CONTAINING

The Old and New Testaments.

CONDITIONS.

It shall be printed on a superfine wove paper, with an elegant new type.

The price to subscribers will be *Two Dollars* per vol. in boards, or *Two Dollars and Fifty Cents*, handsomely bound and lettered.

To those who subscribe for several copies, a discount will be made, proportioned to the number subscribed for.

THE advantage of having this invaluable book printed on a large type, and, at the same time, in portable and convenient volumes, appears so evident, that the encouragement necessary to warrant an undertaking of such magnitude, is confidently expected; a portable volume would often be taken up, in a moment of leisure, when the size of a large, unwieldy folio, would operate as an apology for leaving it unopened; in this way, small portions of time would be profitably employed, which might otherwise be totally lost. In large families a Bible in volumes, affording an opportunity for several to read at once, may sometimes be peculiarly convenient; it seems superfluous to add much on this subject— suffice it to say, that no reasonable expense or pains shall be spared, to render this edition of the Holy Scriptures both correct and elegant.

The above work is in press, and will be finished about the end of the present year.

Subscriptions received by R. and J. Gray, King Street, where a specimen of the paper and printing may be seen.

NOTICE.

The Circuit Court of the District of Columbia having at the November term holden in the county of Alexandria, Ordered and Directed, in the suite of *Wyllie, Langly and others*, complainants against *Robert Alexander*, his Trustees and other defendants depending on the Chancery side of the said court, that the subscribers make up, adjust, settle and report to the said court the accounts and claims of the said plaintiffs, stated in their bill, and of other judgment creditors of the said Robert Alexander, anterior to the deed of trust mentioned in the said bill, which deed bears date the 26th day of December 1799.

The several persons coming under the decretal order made in the aforesaid suit, are hereby informed, that I will attend at my house in the town of Alexandria, on Monday the 12th day of March next, to carry into effect the said order, at which time and place the several parties interested are requested to attend with the necessary documents, to enable me to execute the order.

Feb. 7. *James Keith.* 1012thM

District of Columbia, ff.

ON the petition of *Wm. Wilson*, carpenter, an insolvent debtor, confined in the prison house of Alexandria county, at the suit of the Executors of *George Hunter's* estate, Notice is hereby given. That on Saturday the 18th inst. at 11 o'clock, A. M. at the Court House in the county of Alexandria, aforesaid, the oath of an insolvent debtor will be administered to the said *William Wilson*, agreeable to the act of Congress now in force, on that subject, and a trustee appointed, unless sufficient cause be then and there shown to the contrary. It is ordered that this notice be published three times in the *Alexandria Advertiser* and the *Alexandria-Expositor* previous to the said day.

By order of *Nicholas Fitzhugh*, assistant judge of the Circuit Court of the District of Columbia. *G. DENEALE, c. c.*

January 27. 1031

HOUSES TO LET.

THE subscriber having removed from Alexandria, is desirous of letting his TWO HOUSES in Water Street, situated upon the north and south corners of Jackson Street. They are well suited to the accommodation of small families, have an uninterrupted and extensive view of Potomac, with well enclosed gardens and necessary out buildings attached.

A few unimproved lots under fence, adjoining the above for rent or sale.

For Particulars apply to Mr. D. W. Scott, nearly opposite the premises, or to R. I. Taylor, Esq. King Street.

T. HAMILTON. 10

Dec. 6. 10

EDUCATION.

I shall open a NIGHT SCHOOL on Monday evening next, at my house next door to the Indian Queen on King Street; where pupils committed to my care will be diligently instructed in Reading, Writing & Arithmetic.

Those persons who are disposed to favour me with their patronage on the present occasion, will please to call as soon as possible, that I may have it in my power to make arrangements proper for the order of the school and improvement of the scholars.

John Mason.

N. B. MARIAN MASON continues to teach Reading, Writing and Needle work, and would BOARD three or four girls on moderate terms. Nov. 5. 10

JOSIAH FAXON, & Co.

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES, VIZ:

6 pipes Cogniac 4th proof Brandy,
100 boxes Mould Candles,
40 do. dipr,
30 boxes Bown Soap,
49 bbls. No. 1 & 2 Boston Pork,
30 bbls. No. 1 & 2 Beef,
26 bbls. Nova Scotia Herrings,
200 nests Sugar Boxes,
8 boxes Cotton and Wool Cards,
24 reams Wrapping Paper,
150 tons Nova Scotia Plaster Paris,
30 tons French ditto,
400 bushels Turks Island Salt,
40 kegs James River manufactured Tobacco.

The above articles will be sold on moderate terms for cash.

Also, a general assortment of SHOES as usual. Cash given for Corn, Rye and Tobacco.

Freight Wanted,

For the SCHOONER PHILIP.

She will take freight to the West Indies or any part of the continent. Please apply as above.

Jan. 20. 10

This Day is published,

By ROBERT & JOHN GRAY,

Bookellers and Stationers, King Street,

THE

New American Clerk's Magazine,

AND

YOUNG CONVEYANCERS'S

POCKET COMPANION:

CONTAINING

All the necessary forms of—Articles of Agreement, Bonds, Bills, Recognizances, Leases and Releases, Letters and Powers of Attorney, Awards, Bills of Sale, Gifts, Grants, Assignments, Mortgages, Surrenders, Jointures, Covenants, Copartnerships, Declarations, Letters of License, &c.

WITH Necessary directions for making Distresses for Rent, &c. as the law between Landlord and Tenant now stands.

THE WHOLE Made conformable to the Laws of the United States, and adapted more particularly to the State of Virginia.

Price 1 dollar—bound and lettered.

R. and J. GRAY have lately received a few copies of the Revised Code of Virginia Laws

Feb. 3. 10

Exchange on London.

A GOVERNMENT BILL for Twelve Hundred pounds sterling at 60 days sight, for sale by *J. and Thos. Vowell.*

Jan. 31. 10

Auction & Commission Store.

THE subscriber returns his thanks to those who have favored him with their commands in the above branches, for their patronage, and desires them and the public in general, that he shall continue his exertions to give satisfaction by the strictest assiduity, secrecy and honor.

On the 1st day of every Court,

A PUBLIC VENDUE will be held at his Auction and Commission Store, to commence at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and three o'clock in the afternoon. Particulars will be made known on the day of sale by the Bellman.

Cash advanced on deposits.

A. LINDO,

Vendue Master for the Borough of Winchester.

N. B. It may be proper to add that 3000 dollars security have been given to this borough for a faithful performance of my duty, to which my additional security will be given whenever the extent of the business may require it.

Winchester, Jan. 31. 104W 2W

Just received and for Sale

By William Cash,

King Street

44 barrels best Brown

TANNERS' OIL.

ALSO.

30 bbls. of Mackerel of the first quality.

Jan. 26. 10W

RANAWAY

From the subscriber on the 15th

January last, a negro man by the name of SAM, aged 42 years, bad countenance, and has on the left side of his face from the corner of his mouth under his jaw, a large streak of grey hairs, five feet ten inches high—his clothing is a brown round about jacket and trousers. Also Sucky his wife, about 37 or 38 years of age her clothing unknown—they are supposed to be harbored about Alexandria.

Whoever will take up or secure the above negroes, so that I get them again, shall receive Twenty Dollars for the two, or Ten Dollars for either.

Henry Tolbert,

Rose Hill.

P. S. All makers of vessels and other persons are forewarned from harbouring or employing said Negroes.

Feb. 1. 10W 2W

By Authority. SCHEME OF A LOTTERY, TO BUILD

A Catholic Cathedral Church, In the City of Baltimore.

Prize of	Amount
1st do.	20,000
2nd do.	10,000
3rd do.	5,000
4th do.	1,000
5th do.	500
6th do.	200
7th do.	100
8th do.	50
9th do.	25
10th do.	10
11th do.	5
12th do.	2
13th do.	1
14th do.	1
15th do.	1
16th do.	1
17th do.	1
18th do.	1
19th do.	1
20th do.	1

1 last drawn ticket which may have a Blank to its Number,

7134 Prizes, 210,000

13846 Blanks—not 2 to a prize.

21,000 Tickets at 10 dols. each, 210,000

The laudable purpose of this lottery, the many very valuable prizes offered, and there not being two blanks to a prize, are considerations which give the Managers reason to hope for a rapid sale of the tickets. The drawing will commence as soon as a sufficient number of Tickets shall be sold to authorize it: and thirty days after the completion of the drawing, the prizes will be paid to the fortunate adventurers; subject to a deduction of Fifteen per cent. Such prizes as shall not be demanded within twelve months after the drawing is finished, shall be considered as relinquished for the benefit of the Church.

Tickets to be had of the Managers, or of such persons as may be appointed by them.

Right Rev. Bishop Carroll,

Rev. Francis Beffon.

Messrs. David Williamson,

Robert Walsh,

Chas. Chequiere,

Patrick Bennett,

Arnold Lovers,

Lucy Ternan,

F. I. Mitchell.

Tickets in the above lottery to

be had at the store of T. L. Walington and Co. Fairfax street, Alexandria.

August 13. 10

VALUABLE PROPERTY

FOR SALE.

In virtue of a Deed of Trust executed and bearing date on the 8th day of January, 1798, between *Isaac Pollock* of the first part, *Wm. Deakins, junr* (since deceased) of the second part, and *Jonah Thompson* and *Richard Peitch* of the third part,

I, the subscriber, being the executor, devisee, and legal assignee of the said *William Deakins, junr*, deceased, for the purpose of executing the trusts in and by that deed declared, shall and will on Tuesday the 27th day of March next, if fair, if not the next fair day, at the tavern of John H. Barney, in George Town, expose at public sale, for Cash, to the highest bidder, that

Valuable Lot,

situated on Water Street, in said town, on which the house at present occupied by Mr. Barney as a tavern stands, together with all the buildings and improvements on the same. Said lot fronting on Water Street 52 feet, and running back 175 feet parallel with Cherry Alley, and binding thereon—being part of that lot designated in the plan of Old George Town, by No. 49.

Also.

Another Lot on Keys Street (being part of that lot designated by No. 77 in the plan of Old George Town,) comprehending a part of that wharf lately occupied as a lumber yard by Mr. George King.

Also.

A large and convenient two story

Brick Dwelling House.

More particular information relative to the above valuable property may be had at any time previous to the day of sale, by application to Messrs. Thompson and Vietch, in Alexandria, John T. Mason, Esq. George town, or to the subscriber.

FRANCIS DEAKINS,

Executor and Devisee of William Deakins, Junr.

deceased.

George Town, January 18. 10W 2W

LOST.

Between the 21st and 24th of Dec. 1802, out of Mr. Isaac Strother's waggon, some where on the road from Alexandria to Hillsborough, Loudoun county, a new man's SADDLE, of the following description, double skinned, pad lined with farge, and faced with leather, small round plated nails, stirrups plated on the outside and handbills patted under the skirt, with the following inscription printed on them, Levi James, Sadler, Cap and Harnes maker, Alexandria.—A handsome reward will be given to any person that will leave it with James H. Hamilton, Hillsborough; or, Levi James, Alexandria.

February 1. 20W 6

PRIVATE BOARDING.

The subscriber will furnish Board for six or eight gentlemen on moderate terms.

THOMAS MOORE

King Street, nearly opposite Col. Denale's

Feb. 10. 10

WILLIAM OXLEY

Has received by the Ann from Liverpool

Atlanta, via Baltimore, from London,

FALL GOODS,

which he offers for sale on reasonable terms.

Sept. 30. 10

WILLIAM LADD

Has imported in the latest ships from England

Ireland, an assortment of

Irish Linens and Woollen Goods,

suited to the season

Oct. 17. 10

JOSHUA RIDDLE

BEGS leave to inform his friends and the

public, that he has just received a very complete

Assortment of Fall Goods,

consisting of best superfine, fine and coarse cloths of every colour, Kerseys, fawnedowns, checkers, fancy cords, velvets, Kerseys, half price, plains and kental cottons, rose and striped cloths, flannels, hatters, coatings, napt frizes, cloaks, stockings, ticklenburgs, shawls, shawls. Also, a variety of

FANCY GOODS,

the whole of which he offers at the most reduced prices, for ready payment, or on the usual terms to those who punctually may be relied on.

To rent for one or two years,

STORE AND CELLAR I at present occupy

also a STORE AND CELLAR on King Street

near Mott's Tavern.

FOR SALE.

A LOT OF GROUND,

Containing five acres, one more from town lot between the Georgetown road, and the road near Mr. Hopsons, on which is a small house.

SAMUEL CRONIN.

Nov. 10. 10

TO BE RENTED,

A two story frame HOUSE, and a large lot for a Garden, with a Well of good water and door, on Duke Street, about three squares to the eastward of the Stone Bridge: possession may be had immediately.

Also.

A Lot about 34 1/2 feet on Potomac River, extending westward about 80 feet, and all. This may be rented for about ten years and, perhaps, on ground rent forever. This is very near to Wolfe Street and Kirk's wharf.

Wm. Hartthorne.

1st Mo. 3. 10

I will sell by PRIVATE SALE

the STORE AND WAREHOUSE at present occupied by Allison & Geiger, situated on the corner of Prince and Fairfax Streets, 55 feet on Fairfax and 68 feet on Prince Street; one water lot on Water Street, 44 feet on Water Street and extending 30 feet back to Union Street with the title of whatage. The lot on Prince and Fairfax Streets, are at present rented to Allison and Geiger for one year from the 1st Oct. next. 1/2 of the lot on Water Street is let to Sam Harper for eight years from the 15th of October next. If the above mentioned property is sold by private bargain, it will be sold on the 1st day of April next when the same will be made known. Please apply to

GEORGE MUMFORD.

February 6. 10

This is to give Notice,

THAT the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Alexandria County in the District of Columbia, Letters of Administration on the personal estate of *David Graham*, deceased, of the said county of Alexandria, deceased.

All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at or before the 1st day of July next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 21st day of December, 1803.

David Wilson Scott,

Administrator of David Graham, deceased.

All persons indebted to the said estate are by required to make immediate payment to the Administrator.

Dec. 24. 6W 2W

Ten Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, on the

of July, a negro man named

MOSES:

he is a tall boney man, about 6 feet high, very fleshy, has a remarkable scar across the middle of his nose, his hair long and straight that of a Negro, though not tied. He has several times been seeking about Alexandria. Any person who will deliver me the said Negro, or secure him and give me information thereof, shall receive the above reward.

AUG. J. SMITH

Fairfax County,

Aug. 3. 10

PRINTED DAILY BY

S. S. SNOWDEN.

Feb. 3. 10

Vol. IV.

10

On

Run in hog

French Brandy

Gin in pipes

Whiskey and

Sugar in hbls.

Coffee in tierce

Chocolate

White and bro

Mould and dip

Raisins in kegs

Figs in kegs

Queens Ware

FU

A variety

Cloths, C

Kerseys

Plains and

Negro Cotto

Elaficks, t

Calimancoes

Yarn Stock

Chintzes an

Irish Linens

Onaburgs